~	-	-	_
	54		n
			.,

(Pag	tes	:	2)
------	-----	---	----

Nam	e
T1	N

15

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (THREE YEAR) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2015

CP 04—FAMILY LAW—I (2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part I

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- What are the Primary sources of Muslim Law?
- 2. Discuss the essentials of a valid marriage under Hindu Marriage Act.
- 3. What is meant by Option of Puberty? How it is dealt in Muslim Law of marriages?
- 4. Discuss the provisions as to "Notice" and "hearing of objections" under Special Marriage Act.
- 5. What is "Iddat"? State briefly the rules regarding Iddat under Muslim Law.
- 6. Examine the Constitution, Powers and Jurisdictions of Family Courts.
- 7. What are the powers of a Natural Guardian under Hindu Law?
- 8. Explain the need for compulsory registration.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. 'X' and 'Y' are Hindu couples married according to the Hindu rites and ceremonies. Later X, the husband converts to a Muslim and married another girl according to Muslim law. Z, the son of earlier marriages filed a suit for declaration of nullity of marriage. Will he succeed?
- 2. A, the father of a Hindu child appoint 'X' as a testamentary guardian for the only child 'B' while the mother is alive. Is the appointment legal? Give reasons.
- 3. X and Y belongs to Sunni Muslims married according to Muslim Law. X, the husband died and Y married to 'Z' before the expiration of the period of Iddat. The second marriage was solemnized without any witness. What is the legal effect of second marriage?

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ Turn over

Part III

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 12 1/2 marks.

- Examine the provisions regarding the grounds for divorce under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act 1939.
- 2. Discuss the essential requirements of a valid adoption under Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act 1956.
- 3. Explain the void and Voidable marriages under Hindu Law. Discuss the provisions as to legitimacy of children born out of void and voidable marriages.

 $(2 \times 12 \% = 25 \text{ marks})$

	04	-	-
v	24	h 7	- 2
		υ,	u

(Pages: 2)

Name		
Reg. No		

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (3-YEAR UNITARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION JUNE 2017

CP 04-FAMILY LAW-I

(2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part I

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- Discuss custom as a source of Hind Law.
- Examine the legal effects of a void and voidable marriages under Hindu law.
- 3. Discuss the importance of 'Dower' under Muslim law of marriage.
- 4. Explain the essentials of a valid marriage under Christian Marriage Act.
- 5. What is meant by delegated Talak? What is the difference between Khula and Mubarat?
- 6. Explain the procedural requirement for a marriage under Special Marriage Act.
- 7. What is mean by acknowledgement of paternity under Muslim law?
- 8. Explain the need for Uniform civil Code.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. X', a male Muslim belongs to Sunni sect, marries a Christian girl. Is the marriage valid? Give reasons. Would it make any difference in case the male belongs to Shia?
- 2. The marriage between X' and Y' was solemnized according to Hindu Marriage Act. Later Y, the wife converts to Christianity. X' filed a petition for nullity of marriage. Will he succeed? Give reasons.
- 3. A' the natural guardian of a Hindu minor disposed the immovable property of the minor and deposited the sale proceeds with the government securities. The alienation was made with out prior permission of the court. Is it valid? Give reasons.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part III

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 12½ marks.

- Explain "Cruelty" "Desertion" and "Adultery" as grounds for divorce under Hindu Marriage Act
 with the help of suitable illustrations/case laws.
- Explain the doctrine of "Relation back theory". Discuss the effects of adoption under Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act.
- 3. Examine the legal consequences of Child marriage under Hindu Muslim and Christian marriages.
 What is the remedy available against the Child marriages?

(2 × 12½ = 25 marks)

D	5	3	6	0	5
---	---	---	---	---	---



Name	*********

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (THREE YEAR UNITARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

CP 04-FAMILY LAW-I

(2015 Syllabus Year)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part I

Answer any five of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 1. Discuss monogamy under Hindu law.
- 2. Define Hindu.
- Examine restitution of conjugal rights.
- Write on prohibition of child marriages.
- Analyze presumption of legitimacy under Muslim law.
- Explain natural guardian of a Hindu.
- Discuss concept of dower under Muslim law.
- 8. Examine capacity to marry under Muslim law.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 10 marks.

- Hindu wife left the company of her husband on the ground that his parents and siblings are living
 with him. She is ready to live with him only if he leaves his parents and siblings. When the
 husband filed petition for restitution of conjugal rights, wife filed counter petition for maintenance.
 Discuss.
- 2. A Shia Muslim marries a Hindu female. Discuss the legal effects of such a marriage.
- 3. The natural guardian of a minor Hindu X, alienated the minor's property without the consent of the court. Discuss the validity of such alienation.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part III

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 12½ marks.

- 1. Examine the need for Uniform Civil Code in India.
- 2. Discuss restitution of conjugal rights under Muslim law.
- 3. Discuss the nature of marriages, under Muslim law.

 $(2 \times 12\frac{1}{2} = 25 \text{ marks})$

D 73445

Name		
Reg.	No	

FIRST SEMESTER LL.B. (THREE YEAR UNITARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

LL.B. (Three Year Unitary)
CP 04—FAMILY LAW-I

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Part I

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 1. Discuss sources of Muslim law.
- 2. Define talaq ul sunnat.
- 3. Examine void marriages in Hindu law.
- 4. Write on adultery in HMA.
- 5. Analyze remarriage of divorced couple under Muslim law.
- 6. Explain specified dower under Muslim law.
- 7. Discuss acknowledgement of paternity under Muslim law.
- 8. Examine degrees of prohibited relationship under HMA.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Answer any **two** of the following. Each question carries 10 marks.

- Hindu wife deserted her husband on the ground that she did not like him and for reasons of her own does not feel happy with him. Husband filed petition for restitution of conjugal rights. Discuss.
- 2. A Shia female marries a Christian man. Discuss the legal effects of the marriage.
- 3. The natural guardian of a Hindu minor approached the court for disposing the minor's property for a major surgery of the minor himself. Discuss.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part III

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 12.5 marks.

- 1. Discuss the concept of guardian under Hindu law.
- 2. Analyze requisites of valid adoptions under Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act.
- 3. Examine the grounds of divorce under Indian Divorce Act.

 $(2 \times 12.5 = 25 \text{ marks})$